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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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George Washington showed his genius for leadership when he was only twenty-three years old. He then held a commission as colonel in the militia of the colony of Virginia. Washington volunteered his personal services to aid the British regulars and militia in driving the French and Indians out of the colony. General Braddock commanded the army. Washington went

THE BLOOD TRACKS IN THE SNOW AT VALLEY FORGE.

along as an id-de-camp. He was used to border warfare and advised Braddock against the European style of fighting borderers with massed columns. The British leaders paid no heed to the warning of the youthful aide and at the crossing of the Monongahela River, near Fort Duquesne their troops were ambushed by the French and Indians concealed in the forest where the road passed between two deep ravines. The vanguard suffered terribly from the fire, and Braddock went forward in person with reserves still marching in regular battle order.

After a useless struggle the British were thrown into confusion. All were in danger of slaughter. Braddock was shot down, and there was no one to oppose Washington's plan for saving the remnant of the army. Rallying the Virginia militia, he told them to give battle to the Indians in their own wild fashion. The Virginia riflemen in their fur caps and hunting shirts stole forward from tree to tree. In a short time they had established a line entirely across the field of battle between the enemy and the surviving Britons. With these invincibles Colonel Washington saved about half of Braddock's army.

During the day Washington had two horses killed under him, and his clothing was pierced many times. After he

WASHINGTON STOPPING A FLEEING REGIMENT AT MONMOUTH.

had become a noted warrior and the "Great White Father" one of the Indian chiefs engaged in that battle told him that he wasted fifteen arrows trying to kill him at Monongahela and that many of his braves did the same. Finally the savages concluded that invisible spirits turned their shafts away and gave up the game. Every mounted officer on the field except Washington was shot from the saddle.

It is none the less credit to Washington to attribute his military success in large part to the inefficiency of his chief antagonist, Howe. Thackeray's suggestion that the Americans ought to put up a monument to this British General is not without its point. He was like a second Braddock in his obstinate stupidity in refusing to recognize that an American war could not be waged like a European one.

When Howe had occupied New York and Philadelphia, the two chief cities of the colonies, he was satisfied, and the people of England were satisfied that the war could not last.

Hence was seen a strange spectacle. At the very time when Washington's army lay gasping in extremis in the famous camp of Valley Forge, Howe's "great, brave and perfectly appointed army fiddled and gambled and feasted in Philadelphia." Winter marches had been made, winter campaigns fought often enough in America; Washington himself had shown the British how at Trenton. A single week's resolute campaigning would have captured the entire army.

What was Howe doing? It is a queer story. Beyond and above the ordinary festivities of any garrison town, he was presiding at a strange fete—the "Mischianza," designed in part by the unfortunate Andre. This was an elaborate reproduction of the pageants and tournaments of Mediæval chivalry. And after the jousts, and amid the feasting, triumphal arches were erected, and Troy ladies and the wives of the officers offered garlands to Lord Howe, the Conqueror of the Colonies, promising him undying fame.

Howe's arches of triumph are forgotten, except by the antiquary. In a city greater than Philadelphia rises a white arch, more beautiful, as well as more durable, to the hero of Valley Forge.

It was a consequence of Washington's roving military life that he lived, if for but a day, in many different places, and occupied many houses. Within New York City those have mostly disappeared. The Kennedy house, at 1 Broadway, gave place ten years ago to the Cyrus W. Field building. Fraunce's tavern, most closely connected with Washington of all New York houses, retained its original council chamber much as it had been until about a year ago.

Newburg's Washington headquarters stand on a commanding site south of the city, and is plainly visible from the river. The old Phillipse house, on

Missing Links in Washington's History

Notwithstanding so much has been written of Washington none of his biographers have been able to fix authoritatively the place where his wedding took place. The marriage of the foremost young Virginian to the Widow Custis was doubtless the most brilliant ceremonial that had been held in the colonies up to that date. It is graphically described in the Ladies' Home Journal. Contemporaneous chroniclers seem to have left no other detail of the wedding unrecorded. There are even minute descriptions of the costumes—imported from London—of the bride and groom, of the bridal party, and of the coach-and-six in which the bride rode after the ceremony, with the groom following on his favorite charger. Everything apparently is set down except the place where the marriage was performed, but not a word to show whether the ceremony took place in church or at the bride's home.

THE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY GIRL

"First in Peace, First in War and First in the Hearts of Her Countrymen."

Getty Square, Yonkers, was visited by Washington as a guest, directly after the French and Indian war. It is used as Yonkers' City Hall, but it is threatened with destruction to make way for a modern building. The Jumel house, not far from High Bridge, is another house visited by Washington that is very little changed. A patriotic son of the Revolution resides there now, and it bids fair to be kept intact for a long time yet.

Tradition assigns to houses in White Plains, Germantown, New Brunswick and other towns in the line of the military operations the name of "Washington Headquarters." Above Plainfield, N. J., stands a rocky plateau, giving a view of all the flat country to the southeast. This is called Washington Rock by the country people about, who say that Washington watched from it some not too clearly defined military operations.

One of the best preserved of Washington council chambers is that in the old Carlyle house, in Alexandria, where he met Braddock, the Colonial Governor and Ben Franklin, before

"WASHINGTON AND HIS HORSE."

the fatal march to Fort Duquesne.

The Craig house, in Cambridge, long occupied by the poet Longfellow, and still unchanged, was Washington's home during the siege of Boston.

The one city which bears no traces of his occupancy is that which bears his name. No one lived in Washington until after the death of the General.

By courtesy of Fernando Jones, the Chicago Times-Herald presents a reproduction of "Washington and His Horse," made from a sketch by John Trumbull, which is owned by Mr. Jones. No other artist enjoyed the opportunities of Trumbull as the portrayer of Washington, the warrior. As aid-de-camp he was familiar with his appearance in the prime of his life, its most exciting era. Washington's character as it pervaded the camp, the battlefield, the council chamber. The most spirited portrait of Washington that exists—the only reflection of him as a soldier in his mature years worthy of the name, drawn from life—is Trumbull's.

Washington's Flour Mill.

Flour ground by Washington in his mill at Mount Vernon was famous in its day. The mill still stands, but it has long ago fallen into disuse, and visitors are forbidden to enter on account of the unsafe condition of the building.

The Boonsboro Monument.

The Boonsboro (Md.) Times says: "The present dilapidated condition of our Washington Monument, located on the mountain east of here, in so short a time, too, after its rebuilding in 1883, together with its perennial historic interest to our people and particularly to the younger generation, is our apology for this extended notice of it at this time. This monument, the first erected by his country to Washington, is a lasting testimony to the patriotism and public spirit of the early residents of Boonsboro and vicinity. We say lasting, for though it is the second time in decay, it is, we know, as certain to be rebuilt again as that its foundations are still there. At some future day, we trust not far distant, we hope our community will be alive to its duty to this historic pile and undertake again its restoration. The monument was built by the people of Boonsboro, and dedicated July 4, 1827."

RECORD OF A DECADE

CHANGES IN THE COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES.

From an Excess of Exports Over Imports Amounting in 1890 to $5,654,390, the Excess For 1900 Amounts to the Enormous Sum of $648,998,738.

The remarkable change which has come over the commerce of the United States in the decade ending with the calendar year 1900 illustrates as nothing else could the practical benefits the country has experienced through the operations of the Dingley tariff law. The figures of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics show that imports, which in 1890 were $823,397,726, were in 1900 $829,052,116, an increase of less than one per cent. in the decade; while the exports, which, in 1890 were $857,502,548, were in 1900 $1,478,850,854, an increase of 72.4 per cent. In 1890 the excess of exports over imports was $5,654,390; in 1900 it was $648,998,738. Figures like these make foreign manufacturers very unhappy, and they produce a feeling closely akin to misery in the breasts of domestic free traders.

In our trade relations with the various parts of the world the change is equally striking. From Europe we have reduced our imports in the decade from $474,000,000 to $439,000,000, while in the same time we have increased our exports from $682,000,000 to $1,111,000,000. From North America imports fell from $151,000,000 in 1890 to $131,000,000 in 1900, while our exports to North America increased during that time from $95,000,000 to $202,000,000. From South America the imports increased from $101,000,000 in 1890 to $102,000,000 in 1900, while to South America our exports increased from $35,000,000 to $41,000,000. From Asia the imports into the United States increased from $99,000,000 in 1890 to $123,000,000 in 1900, while to Asia our exports in the same time increased from $23,000,000 to $61,000,000. From Oceania the importations in 1890 were $23,000,000, and in 1900 were $23,000,000, while to Oceania our exports in 1890 were $17,000,000, and in 1900 $40,000,000. From Africa importations increased from $3,000,000 in 1890 to $9,000,000 in 1900, and exportations to Africa increased from $4,500,000 in 1890 to $22,000,000 in 1900.

The changes in the movements to and from the continents are due to two great causes, both arising directly from effective tariff protection: First, the increase in home manufactures, which were formerly drawn chiefly from abroad, and, second, the diversification or products by which markets are made for many articles which formerly were produced or exported in but small quantities. From Europe, to which, under partial or total free-trade conditions, we were accustomed to look for manufactures, our imports have fallen over $35,000,000, while Europe has largely increased her consumption of our cottonseed oil, oleomargarine, paraffin, manufactures of iron and steel, copper and agricultural machinery, as well as food stuffs and cotton, our exports to that grand division having increased $128,000,000 since 1890. From North America the imports have fallen $20,000,000, due chiefly to the falling off of sugar production in the West Indies, the imports from Cuba alone having decreased from $54,000,000 in 1890 to $27,000,000 in 1900. To North America the exports have increased meantime over $100,000,000, the growth being largely manufactures and food stuffs, a considerable portion of the latter being presumably re-exported thence to Europe. From South America the imports have increased in quantity, especially in coffee and rubber, but decreased proportionately in price, so that the total increase in value in the decade is but a million dollars, while in exports the increase is $6,500,000, chiefly in manufactures. From Asia the importations have increased more than $20,000,000, the increase being chiefly in sugar and raw materials required by our manufactures, such as silk, hemp, jute and tin; while to Asia the increase in our exports has been nearly $40,000,000, principally in manufactures and raw cotton. From Oceania the imports show little increase, though this is due in part to the absence of statistics of importation from Hawaii in the last half of the year 1900; while to Oceania there is an increase in our exports of more than $20,000,000, chiefly in manufactured articles. From Africa the increase in imports is $6,000,000, principally in manufacturers' materials, of which raw cotton forms the most important item, while our exports to Africa increased meantime $17,000,000, chiefly in manufactures.

Four Years More at the Helm.

Mushrooms as a Vaccine.

According to a paper recently communicated to the Academie des Sciences, Paris, M. Phisalix has found that some kinds of mushroom afford a "vaccine" against the venom of snakes. The juice of the mushroom renders a person immune against vipers for a month or two.

The Sunday school furnishes the one indispensable element of a complete life, and this never leaves the men.—Rev. A. Bilkovsky, Universalist, Baltimore, Md.

AMERICAN COMPETITION.

Its Grave Menace to European Interests Candidly Recognized by Foreigners.

The new century's opening days are destined to furnish a good many tributes to the skill and resources of the United States in the general business field. The London Times, having American competition in view, sounds a note of warning to England. "It is useless to disguise the fact that Great Britain is being outdistanced," it declares. "The competition does not come from the glut caused by miscalculation as to the home demand. Our own steel makers know better, and are alarmed. The threatened competition in markets hitherto our own comes from efficiency in production such as never before has been seen." "There are only two great countries from which we have anything seriously to fear," says a British industrial expert, writing a series of articles in the London Mail, "and these are the United States and Germany, and I place them in their relative order of importance in this respect."

This is testimony to the superiority of the United States in the industrial field which is significant. It was presumably known to the writers of the two expressions quoted that the United States in 1900 had gone ahead of the United Kingdom in the aggregate of its exports of all sorts. It was undoubtedly known, too, to both of them that the exports of manufactures of the United States are growing faster than those of agricultural products and the raw material of manufactures. What makes this circumstance of portentous consequence to an old industrial country like England is that the gain in the United States has been greater in the past two or three years than it was before. It promises to be still greater in 1901. Not only does the United States meet the older countries in the competition for the trade of Asia, Africa and South America, but it is making inroads into their home markets. The amount of American goods sold in England, France, Germany and the rest of Europe is constantly on the increase, notwithstanding the fact that we are discriminated against in the tariffs of the continental European nations. Germany is making great gains in exports, but the expansion in this respect is much larger by the United States than it is by any other country.

Until about a dozen years ago England had virtually no competition in Asia and Africa which caused it any uneasiness. The writer in the London Mail who has been referred to says that Great Britain exported to South Africa in 1880 about $65,000,000 worth of goods, and, while there has been an increase to only $75,000,000 since then, the United States sextupled its exports to South Africa in the interval, and now ranks second to England in this trade. It is evident that that British authority believes the day is close at hand when the United States will take the lead in the exportation to Asia and Africa which his own country has had for generations. His words are echoed by other writers for the great papers in London, Liverpool, Manchester and the rest of the British trade centres. While Germany is making gains in its foreign trade, as compared with England, it is the United States which is really feared. Not only has the United States a larger population and immeasurably greater natural resources than Germany, but its people, as the British experts testify, are displaying a general versatility and adaptability in all their great industries such as those of no other country can approach. Here are the reasons why, at the opening of the new century, horoscopes of American industrial advancement in the near future are being cast by British and other Old World authorities which are more glowing than even those which the American prophets have been framing.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Promise of Even Better Things.

Thomas Lowry, of Minnesota, is not one of the "doubting Thomases" who think that, under Dingley law protection, industrial prosperity has reached such a height in this country that there must come a fall. This is his opinion, as expressed in a recent interview:

Bright as was the outlook toward the close of the year, all the promises and all the expectations now are of even better things. The prosperity of the country is exceptionally substantial, and, to my mind, there is no doubt of its continuance. Everywhere you go you see the signs of the times. The farmer, the artisan, the merchant, the manufacturer, the transportation men—all are doing well; all are confident.

Mr. Lowry has this advantage over his less optimistic friends—the facts which are being reported from all over the country give valiant support to the truthfulness of the statements which he makes and to the wisdom of the opinion which he expresses. They tell a story of continually advancing prosperity which has few halts in the line of march.

A Solved Problem.

In an extended consideration of the cause of American supremacy in the domain of manufactures the London Express remarks:

The secret of the success of American competition, therefore, is not cheap labor, but cheap production, which is a very different thing. The latter often means highly-paid, efficient labor and costly machinery.

That is precisely the problem which protection undertook to solve and has solved. It has shown how to pay the highest wages and at the same time obtain the lowest cost of production. To do this it was necessary to increase production, and in order to increase production a market must be assured. Protection assures the market, and the producers do the rest.

A Home-Made Library.

B. W. Pearce, 81 years of age, a retired printer and editor of Newport, R. I., has what is probably the most unique library in Rhode Island, if not in New England. It is composed wholly of scrap books, numbering about 100, all made within recent years. During all of that time he has purchased duplicate copies of the Utica Saturday Globe each week in order to use matter from each of the pages.

ROBBERS MAKE RICH HAUL

Steal Express Safe With $40,000 From a Railway Platform.

Authorities of Iowa Town Where Crime Occurred Say They Have Two Men Who Committed It.

Sioux City, Iowa.—Prompt and active work by the authorities at Manila, Iowa, resulted in the arrest of three men who are supposed to have been implicated in the theft of a United States Express Company safe which contained about $40,000.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train in which the safe was taken from Sioux City arrived at Manila at 8.05 o'clock p. m. The Omaha train was late, and James Sturtevant, of Sioux City, the express messenger, did not hurry in unloading the goods and packages from his car. The express safe, with other articles, was unloaded and placed on a truck on the station platform, and then Sturtevant and the baggageman went to the other end of the platform to get another truckload. When Sturtevant returned he noticed that the articles on the truck were disarranged, and a glance showed that the iron box was gone.

There was great excitement, and no time was lost in spreading the alarm. City Marshal Ferrill hastily assembled a posse and vigorous work was begun. Snow lay thick upon the ground, and it did not take long to discover the tracks of two persons, who evidently had been carrying some heavy object, directly from the truck as it stood upon the depot platform. They carried the safe a distance of about two blocks, and then loaded it into a wagon, which had been left there in waiting.

The wagon was driven a mile and a half into the country and there the safe was forced open and the contents were abstracted. The men there abandoned the safe and went their way on a new track. It was not difficult to trace them, however, and three arrests were made. Their names are John Jackson, John Stovalt and Chas. Hayes. All are men who live at Manila and are well known. Their reputations heretofore have not been bad. They stoutly protest their innocence, but the authorities believe the evidence against at least two of them will prove conclusive. The three prisoners are in jail, having been unable to furnish bonds of $12,000 each.

The authorities say the shoes of two of the men exactly fit the tracks in the snow at the station where the safe was carried off.

The stolen safe contained in the neighborhood of $40,000. Twelve thousand dollars was in cash and the remainder in drafts, checks, and various valuables.

None of the money or valuables has been recovered.

DEATH OF CONGRESSMAN SHAW.

Former Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R. Found Dead in Bed.

Washington, D. C.—Representative Albert D. Shaw, of the Twenty-fourth District, and past Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was found dead in his room at the Riggs House. He attended a banquet the previous evening at the Ebbitt House in honor of Commander-

COLONEL ALBERT D. SHAW.
(Member of Congress and former Commander of the G. A. R., who was found dead in Washington.)

in-Chief Rossieur, of the G. A. R., and complained to friends nearby of suffering from indigestion. His death was due to apoplexy, and he probably died soon after reaching his room. The body was taken to Watertown, N. Y., Mr. Shaw's home, where the funeral was held.

Mrs. Shaw died on February 9, 1899. Mr. Shaw leaves a son, Dr. Henry L. K. Shaw, of Albany, and two married daughters.

Albert Duane Shaw was born in Lyme, N. Y., December 27, 1841. He enlisted as a private in Company A, Thirty-fifth New York Volunteers, in June, 1861, and served two years. He served one term in the State Assembly of New York and then entered the consular service. He was Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic of New York in 1896 and of the National Encampment in 1899. He was elected to Congress last November to fill the unexpired term of Representative C. A. Chickering, who committed suicide while temporarily insane, and was also elected to the Fifty-seventh Congress.

Senate Passes Pension Bill.

The Pension Appropriation bill, carrying $145,245,230, was passed by the United States Senate. Claims allowed on account of the Spanish war represent only $270,000 of this year's total.

Another Rich Klondike Strike.

James Lawrie, who arrived at Seattle, Wash., on a steamer from Rampart, reports a rich strike on Kuskokwin Creek. The Alaska towns are greatly excited and many are leaving for the scene of the strike.

Prince Commits Murder.

Prince Johann Pedocky has been arrested for the murder of an actress named Pauline Mitoroski at Budapest, Hungary. The prince, who was penniless, robbed his victim of jewels and valuables worth $100,000.

Minor Mention.

A workman at Cardiff, Wales, has been attacked by bubonic plague.

The Riviera has not had such a cold January as the past month since 1871.

Net earnings of the Tennessee prisoners in the last two years were $280,000.

Railway communication has been restored between Pekin, Feigtai and Paotingfu, China.

A Cleveland (Ohio) syndicate has raised $500,000 to quarry lithograph stone in one of the Southwestern States.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE

Senate and House in Joint Session Canvass the Presidential Vote.

McKinley and Roosevelt Received 292 of the 447 Cast, and Congress Declares Them Elected.

Washington, D. C.—The Senate and House met in joint session Wednesday, canvassed the electoral vote and declared William McKinley elected President and Theodore Roosevelt Vice-President for four years from March 4. McKinley received 292 electoral votes, to 155 for Bryan.

The method of counting the electoral vote for President and Vice-President is prescribed with great detail by the statute and was followed literally. At one minute of 1 o'clock Colonel Ransdell, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, appeared at the main door of the House, opposite the Speaker's desk, and announced the President pro tem. and members of the Senate. The members of the House rose to receive them, while page boys, carrying the caskets in which the electoral returns were deposited, took them to the Clerk's desk. Senator Frye, President pro tem. of the Senate, ascended the rostrum and took his place at the right of Speaker Henderson to preside over the joint session.

The certificates were not uniform, and the operation of opening the bulky packages and seeking out the result in each case was attended with many delays.

Upon the announcement of the vote of Wyoming, by the direction of the presiding officer, the tellers formally ascertained the totals.

Senator Chandler announced the total number of votes cast as 447, of which William McKinley, of Ohio, received for President of the United States 292; William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, 155, and of which Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, received for Vice-President 292, and Adlai E. Stevenson, 155.

Thereupon, in accordance with the statute, Senator Frye proclaimed the state of the vote as delivered to him.

"This announcement of the state of the vote by the President of the Senate," said he, "is, by law, a sufficient declaration that William McKinley, of the State of Ohio, is elected President of the United States, and that Theodore Roosevelt, of the State of New York, is elected Vice-President, each for the term beginning on March 4, 1901, and will be entered, together with a list of the votes, on the journals of the Senate and House of Representatives.

"The count of the electoral votes having been completed and the result declared, the joint meeting of the two houses is dissolved and the Senate will now return to its chamber."

A tremendous outburst of applause, which swept over the galleries, followed. The Senate then filed out of the hall and the ceremony was ended.

ALABAMA CONVICTS SHOT.

They Had Made a Daring and Nearly Successful Effort to Escape.

Birmingham, Ala.—Six convicts made a dash to escape from the coal mines at Pratt City. They were led by Chas. Higgins, a life man sent up for murder, and Charles Harris, serving a twenty-year sentence. The men made their way for two miles under ground in entries of worked-out mines.

When the convicts were checked off the six men were missed. About that time an electric gong was sounded as the desperate men were battering down a heavy gate at the mouth of the old mine. All the guards were notified and when the convicts had the gate down and were about to get out into the open they were fired on by the guards.

Higgins was almost instantly killed. Harris was shot in the breast and is fatally wounded. The other four men surrendered and were marched back to prison two miles away. The convicts had to break down seven gates on their underground trip.

THE SMALLEST WOMAN IN CUBA.

Senorita de Cenda, Twenty-four Inches Tall, Calls on the President.

Washington, D. C.—Among his visitors a few days ago President McKinley received Senorita Estirito de Cenda, who is the smallest woman in Cuba. She was born near Matanzas, and is about to return home after a visit to the United States.

Senorita de Cenda is commonly called by her friends "Chiquita." She is thirty-one years old, twenty-four inches tall, and weighs twenty-seven pounds. She was showily dressed in satins and silks and wore diamonds.

She speaks Spanish, Italian, French and English and made a little speech to the President in the last-named language, as follows: "I want to thank you, Mr. President, for what you have done for my people."

The President replied: "That was a very nice little speech, one of the most welcome I have ever received."

Have Choice of Modes of Suicide.

The Emperor of China is said to have given a choice of modes of suicide to the officials whose deaths are demanded by the representatives of foreign nations.

Steel Rails For Australia.

A contract for 17,000 tons of steel rails has been secured by the Illinois Steel Company for the Australian Government. The rails are to be shipped to Melbourne.

National Bank of Cuba Incorporated.

The National Bank of Cuba, at Havana, has been incorporated with a capital of $1,000,000.

For Governor of the Philippines.

President McKinley will appoint Judge William H. Taft Governor of the Philippines and establish civil administration in the islands as soon as the Army Appropriation bill, with the Spooner amendment, becomes law.

Boy Dies of Lockjaw After Vaccination.

Francis McCormick, aged eight, died at the Mercy Hospital, in Springfield, Mass., of lockjaw, which set in after vaccination. The physician who vaccinated the boy is not known, but the authorities will investigate the case.

Doings of State Legislatures.

A bill for a Constitutional Convention has failed to pass the Oregon Senate.

Congress has been memorialized by the Oregon Legislature to reject the Parcels Post bill.

The New Jersey House has passed a bill providing a penalty of one year's imprisonment or $1000 fine, or both, for hazing whereby bodily injury is inflicted.

The Tennessee House has rejected unanimously a bill appropriating $5000 to bring home from San Francisco the Tennessee soldiers now en route from Manila.

SHOT BY REJECTED SUITOR

Young Woman Teacher Killed in a School in Winsted, Conn.

Miss Winifred Cook Murdered by John T. Hayes, a Former Lieutenant in the State Militia, Who Attempts Suicide.

Winsted, Conn.—Miss Winifred Cook, twenty-one years old, a teacher in the W. L. Gilbert Home for Children, was shot and instantly killed in the home by her former suitor, John T. Hayes, formerly lieutenant of Company I, Fourth Regiment, Connecticut National Guard.

Lieutenant Hayes afterward turned his revolver upon himself, inflicting three bullet wounds in his forehead. His condition is serious, but it is believed that he will recover.

Miss Cook and Lieutenant Hayes formerly were engaged to be married, but the engagement was broken off by the young woman several months ago. Since then, however, Hayes has persisted in his attentions. The two were standing in Williams avenue when Samuel Parsons, who was driving past in a sleigh, was hailed by the young woman, who cried:

"Take me to the home, will you? I want to get away from this fellow."

When she stepped into the sleigh Hayes followed and seated himself beside her. Arriving at the home, Miss Cook jumped out, sobbing, and ran into the building, followed by Hayes. They passed along a corridor and into a sewing room, where Miss Eunice Hyde was seated.

Miss Hyde says Hayes had hold of Miss Cook's golf cape, and as she turned half around he placed a revolver to her temple and fired. Miss Cook fell, probably dying instantly. Miss Hyde ran from the room, calling for help, and during her absence Hayes shot himself three times. When Frank Case, an employe of the home, who had been summoned by the alarm, entered the room, he found Hayes kneeling by the side of the dead woman with blood streaming from his wounds.

"This was according to an agreement we made when we were engaged," said Hayes as he saw Case.

Hayes was placed under arrest. He is about twenty-four years old and has lived here about six years. He formerly worked in Colebrook River for Frank Bushnell, a farmer, who took him from a reformatory in Mansan, Mass. He has had a good character here and was an employe of the Gilbert Clock Company. His mother is said to be in an insane asylum near Boston. His father is in Andover, Mass. Hayes has been ill since the engagement was broken off and has been treated for hysteria by his physician.

FORMER KING MILAN DEAD.

Abdicated the Servian Throne in Favor of His Son in 1889.

Vienna, Austria.—Former King Milan, of Servia, died here from lung and heart trouble. His body was buried in Kronchol, a sacred monastic shrine in Syrmia, Slavonia, with the honors due a member of a reigning dynasty.

The former King was born August 10, 1854, at Jassy, the son of Melos Obrenovic and a Moldavian woman. He was adopted by his uncle, Prince Michael Obrenovic III., the reigning

FORMER KING MILAN OF SERVIA.

Prince of Servia, and was educated at Paris. Upon the assassination of his uncle, June 10, 1868, Milan was called to assume the government. In 1875 he married Natalie Keschko, daughter of a Russian colonel. Their married life was unhappy, and in 1889 the king and queen separated. At the same time Milan abdicated in favor of his son, Alexander.

DISTRESS IN RUSSIA.

Widespread Suffering, Owing to the Failure of the Crops.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The Ministry of the Interior at last officially admits that widespread distress exists in large sections of the country owing to the failure of the crops.

An official announcement says there has been a complete failure of the crops in the Governments of Kherson and Tomsk and the Territory of Smolensk, while similar conditions exist in numbers of districts of Bessarabia, Kieff, Tobolsk, Taurida, Podolia and the Trans-Baikal territories.

The Government considers that 5,500,000 rubles will be necessary to meet the requirements, of which amount 5,000,000 rubles will be contributed by the Government. The Minister of the Interior appeals to private charity to aid the Government in the relief of the sufferers.

Roberts is "Earl of Kandahar."

Lord Roberts's title is gazetted as "Earl of Kandahar and Pretoria and Viscount St. Pierre."

Conger May Be Governor of Iowa.

Major E. H. Conger, United States Minister to China, has cabled to an Iowa friend that he will accept the Republican nomination for Governor of Iowa, but will not make a fight for it.

Two Chicago Men Drop Dead.

Two men dropped dead in Chicago while standing on the street waiting for cars. The victims were Emmet M. Stage, a letter carrier, and John Mastalis. Both deaths are supposed to have been due to heart disease.

Newsy Gleanings.

Formosa has only one railway line.

A ton of pure gold is worth $602,799.21.

Boston claims to be enjoying an unusual building boom.

Two ice-breakers for Port Arthur are being constructed in a Finnish shipyard.

Big search lights are to be put up by the army engineers to guard New York Harbor.

American naval officers say Germany can easily build her new navy within six years.

Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, and the care of young children, are severe trials on any woman. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE of CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Edwin Cross, Gormer, Mich.: "When I commenced using Wine of Cardui I was hardly able to walk across the house. Two weeks after I walked half a mile and picked strawberries. When my other child was born I suffered with labor pains 24 hours, and had to raise him on a bottle because I had no milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time, I gave birth last month to a baby girl, and was in labor only two hours, with but little pain, and I have plenty of milk. For this great improvement in my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Here is a story from the Baptist conference at Leicester. It is about a minister. He found himself at chapel one morning without his sermon. "My dear brethren," he exclaimed, "I can only give you now what God will send me, but tonight I will come back better prepared."—Pall Mall Gazette.

Not a Song Bird.

"He said I was swanlike, I believe," said Miss Rawkis. "Wasn't that gallant of him?"

"Oh, I don't know," replied Miss Peppery. "It was while you were trying to sing that he made the remark."—Exchange.

FREE BLOOD AND SKIN CURE.
An Offer Proving Faith.

Ulcers, Fatty Sores, Cancer Scrofula, Itching Skin, Scabs and Scales of Eczemr, Aches and Pains on bones, back or joint, Syphilitic Blodi Poison, Rotten Gums and Chronic Rheumatism, and all obstinate, deep-seated blood troubles are quickly cured by taking a few large bottles of Botanic Blood Balm. We challenge the world for a case of blood dicase that Botanic Blood Balm will not cure. Tne cures are permanent and not a patching up. Is your blood thin? skin pale? all run down? as tired in the morning as when you went to bed? catarrh? putrid breath? eruptions sores in mouth or throat? If so, yon blood is bad. Blood Balm will make the blood pure and rich, heal every sore; stops the aches and pains, bu ld up the broken down body and invigorats the old and weak. Botanic Blood Balm, the only perfect blood purifier made. Sold at drug stores; $1 der large bottle, including complete directions. To prove our faith in Blood Balm a d al bottle is given to sufferers. For free trial bottle, adsufferers For free trial bottle, address Blood Baim Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate, but write at once del scribing troub'e and free personag advice given. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Over 3000 volnutary testimonials of cures by using B. B. B

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Sept. 24th 1900.

TRAIN SERVICE

NORTHBOUND:

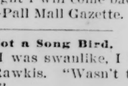
Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday] 2:45, p. m.
Arrival Norfolk " " 4:25, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs, and Saturday 9:50, a. m
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11:00, a. m

SOUTHBOUND:

eave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11:40, a. m
Arrive at Edenton " " 12:40, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " " 5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 5:55, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " 6:55, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.



Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Cowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad and the W. & W. Railroad for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, noon, and Friday 12:30, p. m., for Pasquotank River Landings, Steamers leave Belhaven daily except Sunday) for Washington, N. C., and 6, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, General Mng'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

F. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H Ziegler,

Dealer in all Kinds of

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From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

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when desired. The finest Hearse in this Section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty

All kinds of Cabinet Work done

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor.

A DISGRACE TO THE STATE.

The State of North Carolina may well cry shame. Against the combined protest of an almost united press, leading jurists and many of the most prominent Bar Associations of the State the Legislature of politicians have done the work mapped out for them by party leaders. By a vote of 62 to 33 the resolutions of impeachment of two as honorable gentlemen and as able lawyers as ever sat upon the Bench, for doing their duty in asserting their right of judicial opinion, was carried in the House on Monday. Judge Connor of Wilson, an able advocate, endeavored in vain by a resolution of disapproval to preserve, in the last ditch, the courts of the State, from the assaults of the politicians. The right of the courts of this State to freedom of expression is hereafter to be curtailed by the views of the reigning Boss. This out-Tammanies Tammany.

As an estimate of the regard with which the impeached are viewed in their own homes where they have lived and practiced, we can not but quote the following from the Statesville Landmark, the leading organ at the home of Judge Furches:

"Judge Furches has lived an honored and respected citizen in this community for more than a generation, and while he is a strong partisan and he and the Landmark are wide apart in politics, we shall protest against his being dishonored in his old age unless it is satisfactorily shown that he has done something worthy of death or bonds. There is, too, in these impeachment proceedings, a suggestion of partisanship that is utterly unworthy of so grave a matter."

FOR EDUCATING THE POOR OF THE SOUTH.

There is a movement on foot in favor of educating the poor of the South. A large meeting was held a few evenings ago at the Central Presbyterian Church of New York. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Armstrong Association to promote the interests of popular education of both races in the Southern States, and so the efforts of the Hampton Singers were made partly on account of their own people also. The speakers were Dr. C. D. McIver, president of the State Normal and Industrial College for White Girls, at Greensboro, N. C; Dr. Layman Ward, president of an industrial school for whites at Camp Hill, Ala.; Dr. H. B. Frissell, of Hampton Institute, and Booker T. Washington, of Tuskegee, President Gilman of John Hopkins University presided.

Dr. Ward, among other things, said that Abraham Lincoln was blessed not only for emancipating the black man from slavery, but for emancipating the white of the South from the curse of slave-owning. He drew a vivid picture of the many ways in which slavery had unfitted white man of the South to compete in earning his living with the white man of the North, and made an earnest appeal for industrial education for the "poor white boys and girls of the piney woods."

Dr. McIver said the white woman of the South set the pa e of its elization, and the education of the white girl of the South was the most important factor to be considered in the advancement of that region. The school he represents is only eight years old, but has already sent out over fifteen hundred teachers. "It is poor policy," Dr. McIver said, "to educate the white man and the black man and the black woman of the South while leaving out the white woman."

Dr. Frissell said only a few words. He did not put forth Hampton's claims upon the generosity of the North, but took the broader ground that the "white man needs the black man educated, and the black man needs the white man educated."

Booker T. Washington, in speaking of the practical effect of education upon the negro, said in part:

"In the State of Virginia, where the race has received directly the benefit of the Hampton Institute for thirty-five years, the improvement is almost marvelous. Already the colored people in that State own one-twenty-sixth of all the real estate.

"In the states of Texas, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee is the same tendency where the race has been properly taught.

"In Montgomery, Ala., there is a colored man who owns and operates one of the most successful drygoods establishments in the city, and whose business amounts to as much as $5,000 a month. In Birmingham, Ala., there is a successful negro savings bank that has been in operation twelve years. This institution owns a large three story brick building, which is paid for, and there are more than forty thousand negro depositors. The influence of this bank on the life of the colored people throughout that section is noticeable on every hand. In that same vicinity colored people own and operate a coal mine and also a large and successful brickyard. In all such enterprises the white people seem to take a pride in the progress of the colored people"

Oh sacred spirits of Gaston and Ruffin that you might have lived to see this day!

With lynchings in Ohio, with a Kansas woman smashing saloons in Topeka and another woman demolishing drug stores in Chicago, we must realize that the lynch evil is not destinctly Southern.

NOTICE.

We will thank our subscribers who owe us to please pay up promptly. To meet bills we need the money, and need it now. If you owe us this notice is meant for you, and not the other fellow. We ask you kindly to call and settle, or remit by post-office money order. It will be appreciated.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15, 1901.

President McKinley thinks, as do all his advisers that the solution of the Cuban problem by this government depends largely upon the Constitutional convention now sitting in Havana. When the probability of the necessity of an extra session of Congress was first discussed by the Cabinet several weeks ago, it was supposed that the constitution would be completed by this time, but wrangles have started among the constitution-makers which may continue for months and result in indefinitely prolonging the completion of the constitution. No definite action will be taken by this government until the constitution has been completed, and there is even opposition to the proposed Congressional declaration setting forth the things the Cubans must do before we withdraw from the island, on the ground that it would be in better taste to wait and see what the Cubans will voluntarily offer to do to meet our known wishes.

The Spooner amendment to the Army appropriation bill, authorizing the President to establish and maintain a civil government in the Philippines, is certain to become a law. As soon as it does, Judge W. H. Taft, who is now at the head of the Civil Commission in the Philippines will be appointed governor of the islands and will be vested with wide discretion in the selection of his subordinates. Among those who have been selected justices of the Philippine Supreme Court are Judge Cooper, of Texas, and Judge Bates, of Vt.

Congress is accomplishing a great deal of work, but a great deal remains to be done in the next two weeks if an extra session is to be avoided. The fate of the Ship subsidy bill is still in doubt, but the chances appear to be against its being voted upon at this session.

Secretary Gage, having satisfied himself by investigation, that Russia was paying a bounty on sugar exported, has ordered that a retaliatory duty equivalent to the bounty, which is nearly one cent a pound, shall be collected on all sugar imported from Russia. Fear is expressed in some quarters that this will lead to a tariff war with Russia.

At last Congress has provided for the erection of a suitable statute of U. S. Grant in Washington. A bill appropriating $250,000 for a statue to be erected on some public square in Washington, plans for the statue and the selection of the site to be in charge of a committee consisting of the president of the society of the Army of the Tennessee the chairman of the joint committee on the Library and the Secretary of War, which is authorized to advertize for plans for the statue and to pay $10,000 for the one accepted, has passed both House and Senate and is now in conference because of some minor amendments.

TRIED TO HUG GIRLS IN HIS SCHOOL.

Dr. Whorton, who was, until a few days ago, president of the Hillman Female College in Mississippi, left that institution quite suddenly. A dispatch from Mississippi, says some of the girls reported to the board of trustees that Dr. Whorton had tried to hug them, but before the board could meet and take evidence the Dr. took his departure for his former home in North Carolina. It is said that at least a dozen girls had left the school before the matter was reported, just because they did not want the Dr. hug them.

It looks as though nature had been unkind to the Doctor.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

WANTED — Active agents in every town and county in the Albemarle District. Good proposition Send references. Address Business Manager, Carolinian, Eliz. City, N. C.

For Sale!

Bed room set of Furniture, consisting of Bed Stead, Mattress and springs, Dressing Bureau with large Mirror, Wash-stand, two chairs and a rocking chair. Price Ten Dollars cash, at 62 Shepard Street.

Not a Success.

The experiment was not a success.

Frequently she had complained that he was not as he used to be, that his love seemed to have grown cold and that he was too prosaic and matter of fact. So when he found one of his old love letters to her he took it with him the next time he was called away from the city, made a copy of it and mailed it to her.

"John Henry," she exclaimed when he returned, "you're the biggest fool that ever lived. I believe you have softening of the brain. What did you mean by sending me that trash?"

"Trash, my dear," he expostulated.

"Yes, trash—just sickly, sentimental nonsense."

"That isn't how you described it when I first wrote it and sent it to you," he protested. "You said then it was the dearest, sweetest letter ever written, and you insist now that I have changed and you haven't. I thought I would try to"—

"Well, you didn't succeed," she interrupted, and she was mad for two days. Sometimes it is mighty difficult to please a woman.—Chicago Post.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble: too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

NOTICE!

To the Public:

We take this method of informing our patrons and the public generally, that we have recently moved our buggy business into the spacious new brick building of Kramer Bros. & Co., near Poindexter Creek bridge, Nos. 60 and 62 Poindexter Street, Elizabeth City, N. C. This building was erected especially for us to meet the demands of our increasing business.

We wish to express to our patrons and the public generally our most sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, and in soliciting a continuance of the same, desire to impress upon them the fact that our buggies are hand made. They are made of the best material by the best skilled labor. Our buggy bodies are made here and put together with the best Noodle glue and steel screws. The panels will not burst off as those of factory made buggies do. The wheels we use are of a high grade, and will not dish all out of shape as we cut our tires to fit the wood and heat them to shrink them on.

We do not believe in the cold tire system practiced by large manufacturers, which frequently either upsets or breaks the spokes inside the hub. We use the best steel axles, tires, etc., that can be made. In our buggy tops we use the best machine buff whole stock leather for side quarters and back stays, cushions and backs, a good grade of head lining and the best rubber we can find on the market. We will state however that we have been imposed upon by some rubber dealers, who put off some inferior curtain goods upon us that would not stand hard service and caused much complaint from some of our customers. Whenever complaint was made we replaced old curtains with new ones. We are now remedying that trouble by using the best curtain goods that are on the market. We use no split leather or imitations in our new buggies.

Our painting is simply superb. We use none but the very best paints and varnishes that are on the market in our paint shops, and have as skilled painters as can be found anywhere.

We paint in the old way that gives durability and beauty. We have not adopted the new method of painting resorted to by manufacturers of low priced buggies, of painting them in three days. This paint stands about as long as it takes to put it on.

We, however, keep factory made buggies in stock, which we sell very cheap.

We also keep in stock a full line of Buggy Harness, Whips, Robes, Spreads, and such other articles of merchandise as pertain to the buggy business, which we sell at a very small profit.

We make Surreys, Phaetons, Horse Carts, Road Carts, wide tire Beach Carts, Drays, Delivery wagons, Buckboards, and in fact every kind of riding vehicle that is used in this country.

We make rep ir work a specialty.

We desire the public to understand that we do strictly first class work in every branch of our business. We guarantee satisfaction to our customers. We invite our friends to call and examine our goods We again thank them for their liberal patronage and very respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

The Eliz. City Buggy Co.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Feb. 12. 60 and 62 Poindexter St.

WANTED.—Capable and reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. Jly 11

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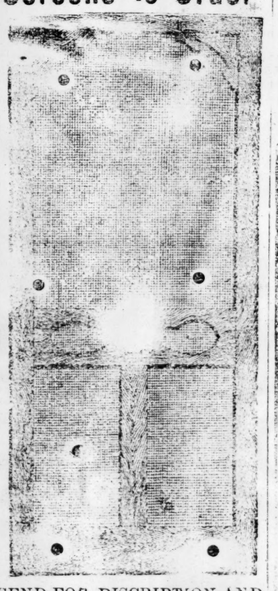

SEND FOR DISCRIPTION AND PRICES TO

Kramer Bros & Co.

MANUFACTURERS.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

United States of America, Eastern District of N. C. } In Admiralty.

Whereas on the 19th day of January 1901 E. S. Wiley filed his libel in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina against the steamer D. K. Neal, her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture, in a cause of contract civil and maritime.

And whereas by virtue of process in due form of law, to me directed, returnable on the 20th day of Feb. 1901, I have seized and taken said steamer D. K. Neal and have her in my custody:

Notice is hereby given that a District Court will be held at the Court House in the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 20 day of Feb. 1901 at 12 o'clock m. of that day provided the same shall be a day of Juri-diction, otherwise on the next day of jusisdiction thereafter for the trial of premises, and the owner or owners and all persons who may have or claim any interest; are hereby cited to be and appear at the time and place aforesaid and there interpose their claims and make their allegations in that behalf.

Dated at Elizabeth City, N. C., the 28th day of Jan. 1901.

H. C. DOCKERY, U. S. Marshal.
By CHAS. A. BANKS, Deputy U. S. Marshal.
J. C. Brooks, J. Heywood Sawyer, Proctors for Libelants.

North Carolina, Tyrrell County. } In Superior Court.
Before G. L. Liverman, C. S. C.

S. M. Combs, Plaintiff, vs. W. A. Cahoon, Mary E. Cahoon and J. W. A. Cahoon, or Winston Cahoon, Defts. } Notice.

The Defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Tyrrell County to remove Winston Cahoon, one of the Defendants above named as trustee to a certain mortgage executed by W. A. Cahoon and Mary E. Cahoon, on the 2nd day of June 1899, upon certain lands in Gum Neck Township, Tyrrell County and fully described in said mortgage, which said mortgage is recorded in the records of Tyrrell county in Book 44, page 268, and appoint another trustee in his place and stead, The Defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear before the undersigned Clerk of the Superior Court, on the 11th day of March 1901, at the Court House in Columbia, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. L. LIVERMAN, Clerk Superior Court.
This 15th day of January 1901.
I. M. Meekins, Att'y for Plaintiff.

North Carolina } Superior Court.
Pasquotank Co. } March Term 1901.
Kramer Bros. & Co., Plaintiff, vs. G. S. Beebe, Defendant. } —Order of Publication.

It appearing to the Court from the affidavit of C. E Kramer, president of Kramer Bros. & Co., plaintiffs in the above-entitled action that summons has been issued in this cause and returned "not to be found in my county" and it also appearing that the defendant cannot after due diligence be found in the Sate of North Carolina and that the plaintiff has a good cause of action against the defendant and that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina and has property in this State over which this Court has jurisdiction and it further appearing that the plaintiff has prayed for and obtained a warrant of attachment which has been served on the property of the defendant as aforesaid and that said warrant of attachment has been returned. It is therefore ordered by the Court that notice of this action and publication of this warrant of attachment and also of the summons be made by publication and that same be advertised for six successive weeks in The North Carolinian, setting forth the title of the action, the issuing of the attachment and requiring the defendant to appear before the Judge of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County on the third Monday in March, 1901, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff as he may be advised.

It is further ordered that publication of this order shall be sufficient notice to all parties concerned.

W. H. JENNINGS, Clerk Superior Court.
January 16th, 1901.

ORIENT

THREE WHEEL Autogo

makes traveling genuine enjoyment. No horse to harness and feed. No steam to generate. No electricity to store. Just a gallon of gasolene and off you go on a 50 mile trip, at a 20-mile-an-hour clip—if you say so. As easily managed as a gentle horse and a good deal more reliable. Propelled by the famous Aster motor—imported from France. Price with full equipment, $450. Let us mail you the details.

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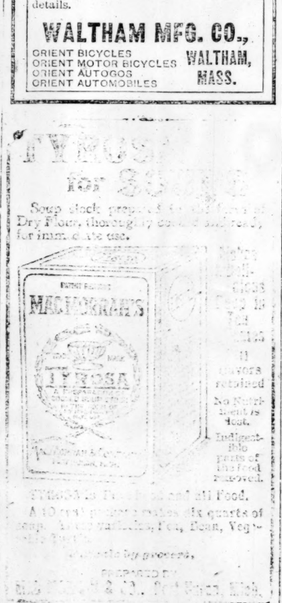

For Sale!

One $5 Bath Cabinet for Two Dollars. New and of the latest plan.
Apply Carolinian Office.

1900.

NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

Total Insurance in Force, $1,200,000,000

Held by over 500,000 Policy-holders who ARE the Company and who ALONE receive the PROFITS of the Company.

Nos. 346 & 348 Broadway, New York, December 31, 1900.

THIS COMPANY announces that it has insured during the year 1900, 125,000 individuals in the sum of over

232 MILLION DOLLARS

of insurance on which the first premiums have been paid to the Company in cash. This is

30 MILLION DOLLARS

more new insurance than the Company placed in 1899, and the Company now has over

1200 MILLION DOLLARS

of paid for insurance in force, which is over

140 MILLION DOLLARS

more Paid for insurance in force than it had a year ago. These results have been accomplished at a lower expense ratio than even that of 1899.

DURING the year the Company has paid in death losses on the lives of over 4,000 policy holders, more than

12 MILLION DOLLARS.

During the year the Company has paid to its living policy holders in maturing policies and other cash benefits, over

$10,800,000.00.

During the year the Company has loaned direct to 12,680 of its policy holders, on the sole security of their policies, upwards of

$5,500,000.00,

at 5 per cent. interest, without fee or other charge.

During the year the Company has paid to its policy holders in dividends over

$2,860,000.00,

which was more than was paid in 1899.

For further information address

The New-York Life Ins. Agency,

Carolinian Bldg. Box B. Elizabeth City. N. C.

S. B. MILLER & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers in all Kinds Of

Fresh Fish,

No. 7, Fulton Fish Market,

New York,

Samuel B. Miller, Clarence G. Miller.

Special attention given to the sale of NORTH CAROLNA SHAD.

Stationary and Stencils, with shipping mark, forwarded upon application. We employ no agent.

WILLIS H. ROGERS

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET.

New York

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REFERENCE:—Banks and other financials when required Stencil furnished at the Home Office at a moment's notice.

A. W. HAFF

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters

Etc., Etc

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

TRY THE

"NEW HOME" SEWING MACHINE.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and their prices before you purchase any other.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.,
ORANGE, MASS.
28 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY

USE THE

"Monarch" Broiler

And odorless Fry-Pan.

Broiled meats are admitted to be the most palatable and nourishing.

The "Monarch"

broils quickly without checking the fire and saves the juices of the meat. The odorless pan made in one piece of Swedish steel is light, durable, and heats evenly and quickly. Send for descriptive circular of this and other lines of goods.

MANUFACTURED BY
The Champion Mfg. Co.,
ROCKY HILL, CONN.

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEW-YORK TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Published Monday, Wednesday and Friday, is in reality a fine, fresh, every other day Daily, giving the latest news on days of issue, and covering news of the other three. It contains all important foreign cable news which appears in THE DAILY TRIBUNE of same date, also Domestic and Foreign Correspondence, Short Stories, Elegant Half-Tone Illustrations, Humorous Items, Industrial Information, Fashion Notes, Agricultural Matters and Comprehensive and Reliable Financial and Market reports.

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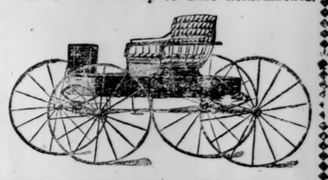

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Knights of Honor; H. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Enzle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, Feb. 21, 1901.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

I's a simple and childish old world,
And good when its weakness you learn;
It likes to be liked more than anything else,
And it's willing to like in return.
We've called it hard names for so long,
And told of its faults without end,
That it's just a bit hardened and crusty on top,
But its glad to be friends to a friend.

And, come to take stock of the world,
You've really no cause to stand off;
You're just like the rest of it—full of faults
At which it's so easy to scoff.
And you'll find, when you're lonesome at times,
As along on life's journey you wend,
If you'll warn your own heart and be good to the world,
It's glad to be friends to a friend.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

Our Tribune offer is still open.

Zoeller is up-to-date on all Photographic work. Give him a call.

Melick is the leader. Look out for his new ad next week.

Under our new Legislature we can do without any judiciary whatever.

Branson says the "Mind Crop" is the greatest crop that can be raised on any farm.

Some men are in advance of their age, but women are always a few years behind it.

If you have a picture to enlarge Zoeller can save you money. Now on corner Main and Poindexter St.

It is going to pan out the costliest set of "solons" that ever reached Raleigh.

The census shows that there are 1,400,000 more farmers in the United States than there were in 1890.

Don't forget when you want your Picture made Zoeller has moved to Cor. Main and Poindexter St.

Nine-tenths of the democratic papers of this state have expressed disapproval of the impeachment proceedings against Justices Furches and Douglas.

Mrs. Laura O. Mitchell has opened a first-class boarding house on Road St. near Main. Nicely furnished rooms and excellent table.

The American people are a busy class. They do not stop to investigate or analyze products. They depend upon the opinions of others to a large extent.

About forty Legislatures are in session, and just about the same number of constitutional conventions are proposed by the law tinkers, instead of letting bad enough alone.

Great is the Legislature of North Carolina! much greater than that of any other State. It has now the power to make a statute and then tell the judiciary how it is to be construed.

FREE—To every person sending us two new subscribers to the CAROLINIAN we will send the 20 paged Weekly New York Tribune, the great metropolitan journal, free for one year.

North Carolina cotton mills complain that cotton is "too high." But a great many good judges think that cotton has been an undervalued production and is now reaching its true level.

The Dismal Swamp canal is again open and the Thos. Newton has resumed her regular trips. We understand that another passenger and freight steamer is to be put on the canal from here to Norfolk.

After a recent election out in Colorado, where they have women suffrage, the tellers found a dozen cookery recipes in a ballot box, voted by mistake. There is no case on record, it is believed, where a man has voted a pool check or a poker chip.

When Porto Rico came into the possession of the United States there was not a single school building on the island. Last month the Bureau of Education issued one order which calls for the building of sixteen school houses in different districts. In one district ten municipalities offered a site to secure the school.

A sack of oatmeal was recently stolen from the home of the editor of an Owego, Kan., and next week the following item appeared in his journal: "The man who stole the sack of oatmeal from our house—owing to the sifting from a hole in the sack it was easily traced to his own home—had better return what is left of the provender or there will be more anon."

At a recent large meeting at Richmond, Va., attended by many prominent citizens the great Negro Orator, Booker T. Washington made the statement that there is much to encourage those who are interested in the welfare of the Black man; that needs and is succeeding, accumulating money, property and cultivating the friendship of the Whites. The address was well received.

Charlotte Observer: The Charlotte correspondent of the Atlanta Journal sent it an interesting paragraph from the report of Superintendent P. L. Murphy, of the State Hospital for Insane at Morganton. It was this: "An increasing number of cotton mill operatives become insane out of proportion to the rest of the population." The New York Sun reprints the item very prominently. What is the reason of this insanity? Is it the confinement and close application of the mind necessary to take care of the delicate work on spindle and loom? This is a new point which the advocates of shorter hours for mill toilers will not be long to seize upon.

A Grundy County (Kan.) physician recently sent to the address of one of his patients a bill for professional services, and within ten days received the following letter written on the back of his memorandum: "Deer Sur this noat was put in my box by mistake I han't the man hee's dead and aint any relation of mine anyway. I don't see how your conshens will let you dun the dead. Why don't you live a better criston live and let live and try to meat that man who dide in heaven which is worth moar than forty dollars to enny doctor."

A contemporary calls attention to the pertinent fact that petitions signed by thousands of citizens have been sent to the legislature praying for the enactment of a fair election law. Gov. Aycock strongly advocated such a law in his inaugural message, but thus far the machine has taken no action. The present law, by which thousands of white men's votes were stolen, is a disgrace to modern civilization.

Beautiful Album.

Messrs. Barret & Thomason, architects, of Raleigh, N. C., are sending out an album containing thirty or more half tone cuts from photographs of buildings recently erected from their plans and under their personal supervision, with testimonials of appreciation from the owners.

The album covers were designed by the architects. They are heavily embossed on tinted boards, and show a fine half tone cut of the capitol at Raleigh.

The album contains exterior and interior views of some of the handsomest residences in Raleigh, and throughout the state, and should be in the hands of everyone who contemplates building. It will be sent to interested parties on request.

The CAROLINIAN is the paper. An ad in it pays.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:43 and will set to-night at 5:46—Cold with probable snow and sleet. That is what the weather man promises us for the week to come. Now then Mr. Prophet, let us see if your robes are worthy.—On Sunday at 10 o'clock the sound of fire again rang out on the peaceful Sabbath air. The flame was located in the house of a colored person in Pryer-town. Our fire-brigades are certainly required to do yeomen work of late. They deserve every encouragement the community can afford.—We note that church St. is at last getting a coat of shells. Let the good work continue. There is nothing that so develops a town as good substantial streets. It beautifies the city and thereby attracts prospective settlers, besids, it saves the patience, tempers and thus the souls of its inhabitants. Proclaim this new doctrine of salvation even from the house tops and in the public mart, and, perchance, our City Fathers may harken thereto.—

He hadn't a vestige of wad,
Yet she worshipped this man as a god
And persons who know
About girls won't be slow
To perceive this was certainly odd.

—We note the passage of a bill in the present Legislature incorporating the Elizabeth City Water-Works. 'Tis well. Now let a good thing be pushed along. Elizabeth City is large enough to have had long since this necessary public utility.—Our progressive young townsman Mr. F. C. Thompson attended the meeting of the National Brick layers Association at Old Point last week.—Miss Mollie Shaw, a fair daughter of Shawboro, has been visiting Miss Mae Wood on Church St. during the week.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Riverside Land Company the following gentlemen were elected directors: N. B. Bradford, G. W. Ward, Dr. J. H. White, W. J. Woodley, M. N. Sawyer, Dr. L S. Blades, P. H. Williams, J. Q. A. Wood, W. E. Dunston, and the following were elected the officers of the company: M. N. Sawyer, president; Dr. J. H. White, vice-president; P. H. Williams, secretary and treasurer.—Mrs. T. S. White gave a delightful "Button Hole" party at her residence a few evenings ago for the benefit of the Baptist Church.—A reporter says that the late meeting of the St. Catherines Guild gave a Valentine party at the residence of Mr. Erskine Ehringhaus. Music and refreshments made the evening an enjoyable one.—The incorporators of the new Brick Company are L. W. Norman, L. L. Winder, W. E. Dunstan and James B. Blades.—Don't be too free in abusing other people for being fools; you may be one yourself.—Miss Fanny Dawson honored her birthday evening with a grand reception at her home, on Fearing street. These were many couples in attendance and a very pleasant evening was spent.—Miss Foy Allen, of Scotland Neck, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. I M. Meekins on upper Main St.—Mr. W. J. Woodley has begun the erection of a hundred-foot addition to his handsome store on Poindexter St.—How about the new Railroad? Can Hon. T. G. Skinner give us any information?—Mr. Samuel Tuttle, of Winfall, has accepted a position as a clerk for P. W. Melick.—Mrs. Clay Foreman and daughter, Miss Gertie, and Mr. James Blades have left on a visit to Philadelphia.—The ladies of the W. C. T. U. held a Frances E. Willard Memorial Service in the Baptist Church Sunday. Rev. C. W. Duke delivered an exceedingly eloquent address on the work of Frances Willard, the ideal of American Womanhood, whose useful influence and unselfish exertions for the good of humanity extended over two continents. Mr. Duke reviewed the progress of Temperance work in America, showing the rapid strides made by the cause in the past century until it has become the all engrossing moral question of the day. A large attendance at the services showed that the W. C. T. U. has the sympathy and support of the people of Elizabeth City, and the ladies, no doubt, feel much encouraged in their good work.—Experience should finally teach something. When alcohol makes a fool of a man or worse, it is time he stopped the so called "social glass" and stopp it for good. Though, at first, enemies may laugh and friends be incredulous, time proves and hath a healing memory.—Another sad illustration of the very uncertain footing that mortal man has here below was instanced Saturday when the schooner E. P. Huffman came into port with the dead body of Geo. Leskett of Pocomoke City, Md. "accidentally shot".—It is with regret that we chronicle the death of Mrs. Ellie Lowry of Salem, sister of Mrs. Thos. Wilcox of this city, on the 14th. Her numerous friends attest her many virtues. Our sympathies are extended.—Dr. J. Herbert White and wife entertained a number of delighted friends at their residence on upper Main St. Thursday evening.—Ye bold highway-man is on the rampage in our burgh. Mr. G. W. Twiddy was the victim. The locus operandi, Shepard St: time Monday night about 11 o'clock. The robber made but a small capture in the way of coin.—Mrs. J. T. McCabe entertained her friends with pleasing hospitality at a card party at her residence on upper Main St. on the evening of the 15th.

The Lady and the Cobra.

An English woman residing in India one evening found to her horror that a huge cobra had coiled itself about her veranda rails, near which she sat playing the violin. She was too near the snake to run with safety, so she continued playing while she gradually edged away. At first her only idea was to keep the creature thus engaged while she escaped, but when she had gained a safer distance and perhaps fascinated by the unwonted sight a strange inspiration seized her. She played air after air of different characters.

The effect was magical. That snake behaved like an ardent, hot blooded disciple of Paganini. Every variation in the music, whether of volume or of tone, produced instantly a corresponding change in the attitude of the cobra. If she played a lively dance, it swayed its body sideways in quick time and yet in graceful curves. Once she struck a number of false notes in rapid succession on purpose. The cobra winced and writhed in pain as if suddenly struck with a whip.

Thus the creature behaved like a mad musician till the lady, getting tired of the sport, gradually worked herself farther and farther and then made a sudden bolt into her room and banged the door, leaving the cobra to wander disconsolate to its lair in the fields.

What's In a Name?

Although the present fashion of christening children with family surnames is much to be commended for many reasons, it carries with it some awful possibilities unknown in the days of Mary Anns and John Henrys. A glance at the following list, each name of which is genuine, will illustrate sufficiently well the possibilities of nomenclature resting with parents in their choice of names for the men and women of tomorrow:

Edna Broker Mothershead, Marian English Earle, Sawyer Turner Somerset, Will W. Upp, Nealon Pray Daily, Benton Killin Savage, Owen Taylor Money, Ima Little Lamb, Broker Husbands Hart, R. U. Phelan-Goode, Marie A. Bachelor, May Tyus Upp, Will Waltz Wither, Waring Green Cotes, Iva Winchester Rifle, Etta Lotta Hammond-Degges, Barber Cutting Mann, Weir Sick O'Bryan, Makin Loud Noyes, Hurd Copp Cumming, Rodenor Pullman Karr, Doody Spies Sourwine and Knott Worth Reading.—Life.

The Temple of Zeus.

All that remains of the great temple of Zeus, which was 700 years in building, is to be found about 150 yards from the foot of the Acropolis at Athens. The ruins consist of 16 columns of the Corinthian order 6½ feet in diameter and 60 feet high. It was the second largest temple erected by the Greeks, one superior to it in size being the temple of Diana at Ephesus. According to a legend, its foundation was built by Dukalion, the Greek Noah, who from this point witnessed the waters of the flood subside. An opening in the ground is said to be the orifice through which the flood disappeared.

FULMER & CO.

SOME THINGS GOOD TO EAT.

Note the good things to eat now on hand at our store: Finest Hams and Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We have the choicest Blended Coffees, Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, Vermont Maple Syrup and the very Finest Creamery Butter.

Telephone 17.

WANTED.—Capable and reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 salary per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolute y sure and all expenses; straight, bona fide definite sa ary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. July 11

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

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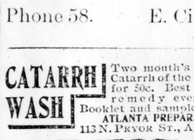
We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits, Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

CATARRH WASH Two month's treatment of Catarrh of the head and nose for 50c. Best and simplest remedy ever discovered. Booklet and sample for 2 cents. ATLANTA PREPARATION CO. 113 N. PRYOR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

"WHITAR"
ONLY WHITE TAR SOAP IN THE WORLD.



Whitar Soap is a harmless, cold pressed and purified white soap and contains all the medicinal properties of pure tar soaps, with entire freedom from their objectionable features.

It soils neither towel nor wash bowl, for its lather is snow-white.

It lathers in hard or soft water far more freely than other tar soaps, and, being 100 per cent. pure, outlasts any of "the best" soaps of equal size.

It contains much more glycerine than other soaps, and this together with its soft thick lather make it a king among shampoo soaps. In the treatment of skin, scalp and hair diseases, in aggravated cases of dandruff, scald head, falling ha etc., Whitar is highly recommended.

Physicians recommend it for baby's bath and for cases of chafe or heat rash, the soap is peculiarly efficacious.

Ask your dealer for it.

MANUFACTURED BY
CLINTON SOAP CO.
CLINTON, IOWA.

Our Colored People.

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Mr. S. A. Dozier of Currituck was in town Saturday.

Mr. G. A. Mebane who has been at home a few weeks for his health, has recovered sufficiently to return to Baltimore.

Mr James F. Sawyer, formerly of this place, but now of Norfolk spent a few days of last week here.

Rev. H. B Pettigrew of Edenton, was in the city Sunday.

Rev. W. T. H. Woodard, missionary, has been in the city this week. He occupied the pulpit of Olive Branch Church Tuesday evening.

The home of Mrs. Henrietta Whitehurst in Preyor-town was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. This is the second time she has lost her home in this manner.

The N. E. B. Baptist Sunday School Convention will convene tomorrow in Shiloh Church, Camden county.

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

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A HAPPY

New ** Year

Thanking our many friends for the liberal share of patronage we have had we wish them a prosperous and Happy New Year.

We are now ready to supply all House Furnishing wants. Furniture, Mattresses, and Chairs, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Wall Paper &c.

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Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Get only Dr. Bull's! Price, 25 cents.
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Mens Fall Suits, $10.00 kind $6.74.
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25c Dress Goods, now 14cts.
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A Good BREAKFAST TABLE MAKES A HAPPY HOME

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ONE GIVES RELIEF

Ripans Tabules Doctors Find A Good Prescription For Mankind.

10 FOR 5 CENTS AT DRUG STORES

Twelve Thousand Heroes.

Why the Government awarded no Medals of Honor for the charge up San Juan Hill.

I was told at Washington that the reason the regimental officers did not receive the Medal of Honor, for which they were recommended on account of their bravery at the charge of San Juan Hill, says Richard Harding Davis, in Everybody's Magazine, was because the Government argued that if it gave the medal to one man there was no good reason why it should not give it to twelve thousand. A virtue which is shared in common by twelve thousand men must be a common virtue. As a matter of fact the members of the Knickerbocker Club in the Rough Riders' Regiment and the negro regulars, who, had they not been soldiers, would have been barbers and servants, reached the top of the hill at exactly the same time. That is not said in belittlement of courage, certainly not of this particular exhibition of it, which was to me one of the most moving and magnificent spectacles of a life-time, but rather to suggest that we have cause for congratulation in the fact that the proportion of brave men is so great. One might almost say that all men are brave.

An Incident in the House.

When the army bill was under discussion in the House of Representatives there was a little dialogue on the floor which does not appear in the record. A new member was making a speech against the policy of expansion and the administration of affairs in the "new possessions in the Pacific," which he insisted upon calling the "Philippians." Representative Fitzpatrick, of Kentucky, listened with amusement for a little while, then rose and asked respectfully:

"Will the gentleman permit a question?"

"Certainly," replied the green member, and took a sip of water from a glass that stood on his desk.

"Don't you think we ought to larrabaste the stuffing out of those Philippians for not answering St. Paul's last letter?" inquired Mr. Fitzpatrick in the most serious manner.

The orator turned very red, fumbled with his handkerchief for a few seconds, and then, keeping his temper with admirable self-control, turned his back on the waggish member from Kentucky and proceeded with his speech.—Chicago Record.

Privileges of an Ambassador.

A curious privilege of an ambassador is that he, and he alone, when dismissed, may turn his back to the sovereign to whose court he is accredited. The mode of procedure is as follows: When the ambassador's audience is over he waits to be dismissed by the sovereign. When dismissed the ambassador bows, retires three paces, bows again, retires another three paces, bows a third time, turns on his heels and walks to the folding doors. But it is felt that more polite methods should obtain when the reigning sovereign is a woman. To turn his back is to be discourteous, to walk backwards is to resign a privilege; the ambassador retires sideways, like a crab; he keeps an eye on the sovereign and with the other tries to see the door. He thus shows politeness to the sovereign and at the same time retains one of his privileges.

Some men expend more energy in getting rid of money than they do in earning it.

The Gentle Art of Letter Writing.

The classic age of letter writing, like that of chivalry, is gone, although no Burke has been found yet to utter its splendid funeral oration. Correspondence on business, hurried notes containing invitations to dinner or acceptances thereof—these are the missives which fill the bag of the letter carrier. The love letter, we presume, still holds its sway, and, if we are to judge from the revelations of breach of promise cases, it is full of sugary sentimentalism as in the days of Lydia Languish. But the letter as it has passed into literature, the letter whose highest claim to be treated as art is that it conceals art, the letter as written by William Cowper, or Oliver Goldsmith, or Horace Walpole, or Miss Burney—that charming epistle intended only for the affectionate perusal of friends, and yet of such value to the historian of life and manners—shall we say that it has disappeared from the busy modern world, killed by the "railway and the steamship and the thoughts that shake mankind?" At least, it is now but a rare product, a fragile flower scarcely able to maintain itself in our altered social soil.

Correspondence from being a cherished art and solace has in our day tended to become what is called in slang a "grind." It is "snippery," like the cheap newspapers, a sort of "bits" or "cuts," giving hints which require to be filled out, only that the receiver has hardly time for that mental process. Truth to tell, a great deal of our letter writing is boredom, the source of irritation and weariness to those who are called on to undertake it.—London Spectator.

Family Names in Chemicals.

The coal tar derivative fuchsine is generally supposed to owe its name to fuchsia, as its tint certainly resembles the color of that flower, but this is not the case, says a writer in the Scientific American. The inventor of fuchsine, whose death was lately recorded, M. Francisque Renard, and his brother desired to identify their name with the new produce, but, not liking to adopt the appellation of renardine, they translated their family name Renard (fox) into the German Fuchs, and thus arrived at fuchsine, says the Engineer. The same journal seizes the opportunity of making known that the rare metal gallium owes its name to a similar circumstance. Its discovery is due to the French chemist, Lecoq de Boisbaudran, who, by adopting the Latin form of gallium, identifies the name of Lecoq both with gallus, a cock and Gallia, France.

Glass-Bottomed Boats.

"The introduction of glass-bottomed boats is a big feature in the San Catalina Island resorts," said G. W. Thompson at the Albany Hotel. "There is only one other place in the world where they are used, and it is one of the greatest novelties of the day. The bottoms are arranged so that passengers can sit around the glass and view the wonders of the deep. The resorts are all on the leeward side of the island, and the waters are always quiet. The tourists, by looking through these glasses, can see the beautiful moss covered bottom of the sea, the rocks and fishes and other sights that go to make up this wonderland, at a depth of 100 feet."

The San Catalina Island, off the coast of California, is now one of the leading summer and winter resorts.—Denver Post.

THE NERVES OF WOMEN

"I am so nervous and wretched." "I feel as if I should fly." How familiar these expressions are! Little things annoy you and make you irritable. You can't sleep, you are unfit for ordinary duties, and are subject to dizziness.

That bearing-down sensation helps to make you feel miserable.

You have backache and pains low down in the side, pain in top of head, later on at the base of the brain.

Such a condition points unerringly to serious uterine trouble.

If you had written to Mrs. Pinkham when you first experienced impaired vitality, you would have been spared these hours of awful suffering.

Happiness will be gone out of your life forever, my sister, unless you act promptly. Procure **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once. It is absolutely sure to help you. Then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., if there is anything about your case you do not understand.

You need not be afraid to tell her the things you could not explain to the doctor—your letter is seen only by women and is absolutely confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with such troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Mrs. Valentine Tells of Happy Results Accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping it may induce others to avail themselves of the benefit of your valuable remedy. Before taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I felt very bad, was terribly nervous and tired, had sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything. Had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of your medicine, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person, and your medicine shall always have my praise."—MRS. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Avenue, Camden, N. J.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

THE TEN NEW REGIMENTS

Orders Designating Them and Assigning Their Headquarters.

WILL BE SENT TO PHILIPPINES

The Senate Confirms the Nomination of General Miles to Be Lieutenant-General of the United States Army—Young, Chaffee and MacArthur Are Major-Generals—Wilson and Lee to Be Brigadiers

Washington, D. C.—Adjutant-General Corbin has issued the necessary orders for the organization and equipment of the ten additional regiments authorized by the new army bill. As the regiments are organized and drilled they will be forwarded to San Francisco for transportation to Manila, but it is not expected that many of them will be in shape to go to the Philippines for several months. Meanwhile the regular army organizations now stationed in this country will be used as far as possible for Philippine service and the new organizations used for garrson duty in this country. According to the orders these regiments will be located as follows:

Eleventh Cavalry, headquarters, Fort Myer, Va.; Twelfth Cavalry, headquarters, Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Thirteenth Cavalry, headquarters, Fort Meade, S. D.; Fourteenth Cavalry, headquarters, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Fifteenth Cavalry, headquarters, Presido of San Francisco; Twenty-sixth Infantry, headquarters, Fort McPherson, Ga.; Twenty-seventh Infantry, headquarters, Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.; Twenty-eighth Infantry, headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.; Twenty-ninth Infantry, headquarters, Fort Sheridan, Ill.; Thirtieth Infantry, headquarters, Fort Logan, Col.

MILES IS LIEUTENANT-GENERAL.

Senate Confirms Also Promotion of Young, Chaffee and MacArthur.

Washington, D. C.—The Senate has confirmed the following nominations:

To be Lieutenant-General—Major-General Nelson A. Miles.

To be Major-Generals—Brigadier-General S. B. M. Young, Colonel Adna R. Chaffee, Eighth Cavalry, (Major-General United States Volunteers); Brigadier-General Arthur MacArthur, (Major-General United States Volunteers).

The President sent to the Senate the nominations of James H. Wilson, of Delaware, and Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, now Brigadier-Generals of Volunteers, to be Brigadier-Generals in the regular army.

Generals Wilson and Lee get their appointments under section thirty-three of the army bill, which authorized the President "to select from the Brigadier-Generals of Volunteers two volunteer officers without regard to age, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint them Brigadier-Generals."

A favorable report was made to the Senate on all the Brigadier-Generals recently nominated, including Generals Wood, Grant and Bell, and Generals Wilson and Fitzhugh Lee. Under the rule, no action was had and consideration was postponed until the next executive session.

New Light Batteries of Artillery.

Washington, D. C.—Orders were issued at the War Department for the location of the new light batteries of artillery provided for in the re-organization law, at the following points:

One each at Fort Myer, Virginia; Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Fort Meade, S. D.; Fort Snelling, Minn.; Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Fort Sheridan, Ill.; Vancouver Barracks, Washington; Fort Logan, Col., and Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

Two each at Fort Riley, Kansas, and the Presidio at San Francisco.

BRITISH POLICY UNCHANGED.

Chamberlain Says It Has Been "Approved Overwhelmingly by the Empire."

Cape Town, South Africa.—The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has addressed a communication to Sir Alfred Milner, approving the remarks made by Sir Alfred in his reply to the Afrikander deputation sent to him by the Afrikander Congress at Worcester with resolutions addressed to Queen Victoria. "The Government has no intention," says the Colonial Secretary, "of changing the policy which it has repeatedly declared, and which has been approved overwhelmingly by the empire."

Died While His Pardon Was Being Signed

While Governor Bliss was in the act of signing the pardon of John Becker, of Quincy, the prisoner died of consumption at the State prison in Jackson, Mich. Becker was convicted at Cold Water of arson and sent in June, 1898, to State prison for fifteen years.

Sale of Danish Islands.

With only one dissenting voice the Financial Committee of the Landsthing, at Copenhagen, Denmark, has approved the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

Congressman Boutelle Has Resigned.

Charles A. Boutelle has tendered his resignation as Representative from the Fourth Maine District in Congress, to take effect February 28.

Smallpox in England.

Smallpox has broken out among the Thirteenth Hussars at Norwich, England.

Large Fortune Under the Carpet.

Thomas and Margaret Moore, an aged couple of Banklick, Ky., died a few days ago. Their two sons immediately instituted a search for a will. They found $14,000 in gold under the carpet.

Heroine of Pekin Married.

Miss Mary Condit-Smith, who was in Pekin, China, during the siege, was married to Lieutenant Hooker, of the Marine Corps, at Washington. At the request of the State Department she will not publish her story of the siege.

Death Penalty For Kidnaping in Missouri

The Missouri Senate passed the bill punishing kidnaping with death. This action was taken as a result of the recent Cudahy kidnaping in Nebraska and was recommended by Governor Dockery in a special message to the Legislature.

Another Indian Famine.

Lord Curzon has notified the authorities in London that another famine is impending in India, in fact has already begun, and the immediate expenditure of one crore of rupees, about $3,300,000, is necessary, in addition to the remission of large land revenues.

Arsenic in English Beer.

Dr. Campbell Brown, the city analyst, testifying at the beer poisoning inquest at Liverpool, England, estimated, from samples examined, that the average weekly consumption of beer in Liverpool in summer time would contain 300 pounds of arsenic, enough to kill a million people if administered in equal doses and at one time.

Army Appropriation Bill Passed.

The House of Representatives at Washington passed the Army Appropriation bill. The bill carries $117,394,649, or $12,355,133 less than the estimates.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.

BUTTER.

Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	22
Firsts	20	@	21½
Thirds to seconds	18	@	19
State dairy tubs, extra	19	@	20
Imitation creamery	14	@	17½
Factory finest	13	@	15½
Low grades	11	@	12½

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy	11¼	@	11½
Small	—	@	12
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6½
Full skims	1½	@	2

EGGS.

Jersey—Fancy	21	@	22
State and Penn.	21	@	22
Western—Choice	19½	@	20
Southern—Choice	19	@	19½

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	—	@	2 45
Medium	—	@	2 25
Pea, choice	—	@	2 27½
Red kidney, choice	2 30	@	2 35
White kidney, choice	2 60	@	2 65
Yellow eye	—	@	2 65
Lima, Cal.	—	@	3 80
Green peas, bags	1 25	@	1 27½

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	2 25	@	3 50
Baldwin, per bbl	2 25	@	3 50
Greening, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Strawberries, Fla., per qt.	20	@	35
Cranberries, per bbl	7 25	@	9 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, per lb.	10½	@	11
Chickens, per lb.	—	@	9
Roosters, per lb.	6½	@	7
Turkeys, per lb.	9	@	10
Ducks, per pair	50	@	90
Geese, per pair	1 00	@	1 50
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	30

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb.	7	@	10½
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	18	@	30
Fowls, State & Penn., per lb.	—	@	10
Chickens, Western, per lb.	9	@	10
Ducks, Western, per lb.	8	@	12½
Geese, Western, per lb.	6	@	10
Squabs, per dozen	1 75	@	3 75

HOPS.

State—1900, choice, per lb.	19	@	20
1899, common to fair	14	@	16
Pacific coast—1900, choice	18	@	19
1899, common to choice	8	@	14
Old odds	2	@	5

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	—	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb.	87½	@	90
No. 2, per 100 lb.	82½	@	85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	77½	@	82½
Straw, long rye	82½	@	85

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, West., per bbl.	1 50	@	1 75
State, per bbl.	1 50	@	1 75
Sweets, per bbl.	1 75	@	2 50
Onions—Orange Co., per bag	2 25	@	4 50
Eastern, red, per bbl.	2 25	@	2 75
Eastern, white, per bbl.	3 50	@	5 50
Cabbages, State, per ton	12 00	@	15 00
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	85
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 50	@	3 50
String beans, per crate	1 50	@	3 25
Squash, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 50
Egg plant, per box	1 50	@	3 00
Peppers, per carrier	1 00	@	1 25
Celery, per dozen	15	@	75
Lettuce, per basket	1 00	@	3 00
Beets, per crate	75	@	85
Spinach, per bbl.	75	@	1 25
Brussels sprouts, per qt.	5	@	15
Green peas, per basket	1 50	@	3 00
Kale, per bbl.	65	@	85
Parsley, per 100 bunches	—	@	3 00
Cauliflower, per basket	3 00	@	4 00
Cucumbers, per crate	2 00	@	3 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter patents	3 60	@	4 00
Spring patents	4 00	@	4 25
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	86½	@	87¾
No. 2 red	80¾	@	80½
Corn—No. 2	47¼	@	48
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	33
Track mixed	30	@	31½
Rye—Western	60¾	@	61¼
State	56	@	57
Lard, city	—	@	7.30c

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8¼
Calves, city dressed	8½	@	12¼
Country dressed	8	@	10
Sheep, per 100 lb.	3 25	@	4 80
Lambs, per 100 lb.	4 75	@	6 15
Hogs—Live, per 100 lb.	5 65	@	5 90
Country dressed	5½	@	8

TOBACCO.

Western tobacco is fairly active and prices are firm. Reports from the West tell of great activity in the tobacco market, there being a record-breaking pace in all departments in Louisville, with good demand from manufacturers and exporters. Domestic tobacco continues quiet in this city, and Sumatra tobacco shows no unusual activity. Havana tobacco is selling well, especially the higher grades, which are taken readily at full prices.

HOW FARMERS FARED IN 1900.

They Received $185,296,172 More For Their Product Than In 1899.

Washington, D. C.—The statistical division of the Department of Agriculture, in announcing the average farm prices for the leading agricultural products of 1899 and 1900, says they make an encouraging showing, but not so large an aggregate gain as was estimated late in December, before the average farm prices could be made out with reasonable accuracy.

It now appears that the prices to farmers for corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, potatoes, and hay in 1899 were $1,676,170,410, and in 1900 were $1,861,466,582, or a gain over the former year of $185,296,172. The average prices for each of the products enumerated were higher in 1900 than in 1899, the advance in some cases, however, being but the fraction of a cent. The greatest advances were observed in corn and hay, the advance in the price of the latter giving the farmers over $33,000,000 more in 1900 for a crop of 50,000,000 tons than was received in 1899 for a crop of 56,655,756 tons.

The only crops in the list for which the farmers received less in 1900 than in 1899 were barley and buckwheat, but the loss in these crops was slightly restricted by the advance in the average price of barley of five-eighth of a cent, and in buckwheat an advance of one-eighth of a cent.

Virginia Concern in a Receiver's Hands.

The Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company, $10,000,000 capital stock, has been placed in receiver's hands.

Why They Take American Bridges.

A British Parliamentary paper explains the placing of the contract for bridges for the Uganda Railway with an American firm by saying that nine English firms made tenders for the contract, and that their best offer was to place the bridges on shipboard in sixty weeks. The price asked was $76.25 per ton. The American Bridge Company offered to erect the bridges within forty-six weeks, while its price for delivery at any British port was $51.50 per ton.

January's Big Coal Output.

Preliminary estimates of the production of anthracite coal for January places the figures at 5,153,000 tons, as compared with 5,070,900 tons in December and 4,482,600 tons in the corresponding month, 1900, or an increase of 670,400 tons over the production of that month.

Sewing-Silk Makers May Combine.

It is asserted at Rockville, Conn., that the sewing-silk manufacturers of the country will probably be united soon in one company, controlled by English capitalists.

$500,000 Coal Deal.

A coal deal that involves more than $500,000 was made when the property of the Newton Coal Company at Pittston was transferred to E. L. Fuller, of Scranton, Penn. The property includes some 1500 acres of coal land and will be worked under the name of the Seneca Coal Company.

Favorable French Crop Report.

An official crop report issued at Paris, France, says the condition of wheat is very good in eleven departments. It is good in sixty departments and fair in thirteen.

New Brake, Fast Time.

A new kind of instantaneous brake, which is said to diminish almost entirely the disagreeable sensation of concussion experienced when a train is pulled up, has been fitted to the Paris-Calais express. Armed with this safeguard the Northern Railway of France express covered 185 miles between the Gare du Nord and Calais in 184 minutes, or less than a minute a mile—a record, at any rate on the Continent, for such a distance.—London Daily Mail.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Turquoise mining in New Mexico is of very remote origin. Many of the present mines, when located, indicated operations by the inhabitants of New Mexico at a time prior to or contemporaneous with the Aztecs, stone and earthen vessels of great antiquity being found in the workings.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50 cents.

In 1800 the Indian canoe was practically the only floating vehicle on the great lakes, which hold one-third of all the fresh water in the world. To-day the lake fleet numbers several thousand steel steamers, with seventy ship yards on the shores of the lakes to add constantly to the number.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Yankee ingenuity is hard at work these long winter days experimenting upon or really manufacturing articles to be used in connection with automobile industry. It is said that in seventy-five per cent. of New England towns there are one or more concerns so engaged.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once, delays are dangerous.

Iowa, almost from the date of its admission, has been called the "Hawkeye State." Hawkeye was the name of a noted Indian chief, who, in the early days, caused no little trouble along the Western border of American civilization.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The pay of an Admiral in the United States Navy is $13,500 a year.

Science Discards Brute Force

in medicine. Hoxsie's Croup Cure contains *only* the spirit of drugs and defies Croup, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Diphtheria. 50 cts.

A woman is minded better when she is not strong-minded.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

California stands first among the States in the production of borax.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a box of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

The kiale, or household fox, is a favorite pet among Chinese women.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, is noted for the unstinted manner in which he dispenses private charity. He has been known to go out on cold nights to carry food to some poor person in whom he took an interest.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary.

When a man sells a calf to the butcher, it takes six weeks for his wife and children to get over the feeling that they are living with a dreadful ogre.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Twenty-six German towns are now illuminated with acetylene gas.

DOWNFALLS

Sometimes in winter at every step there is danger of

SPRAINS and BRUISES

which cripple or hurt deeply, but at any time from whatever cause

St. Jacobs Oil

will cure surely and promptly

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

There are a large number of foreigners in the United States Navy.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

France built thirty sailing vessels of 43,480 tons and ten steamers of 29,850 tons in 1900.

To Win Success.

Every man aims at success, some more wisely than others. The wisest man seeks the best location. The Northern farmer will find the opportunities, great advantages in the South along the Southern Railway. Farming land is cheap, the soil is fertile and gives heavy yields. It is adapted for grains, grasses, stock, dairy or truck farming, or orchards. The climate is mild and equable, pleasant all the year round. It is a land of health and prosperity. Garden, orchard and farm products bring good prices, and living is cheaper than in the North. Along the Southern Railway is the place for success, on the farm or in business. Information furnished, descriptive publications sent, by M. A. Hays, Agent, Land & Industrial Department, Southern Railway, 268 Washington Street, Boston, Mass., or M. V. Richards, Land & Industrial Agent, Southern Railway, Washington, D. C.

The Suez Canal is ninety-two miles long and cost about $102,750,000.

Worms IN CHILDREN ARE veritable demons, and must be removed or serious results follow. The medicine which for 60 years has held the record for successfully ridding children of these pests is **Frey's Vermifuge**—made entirely from vegetable products, containing no calomel, IT ACTS AS A TONIC, 25 cts. at druggists, country stores or by mail. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS.—NEWS 7

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

LIBBY'S Premier Soups

TEN CENTS

Libby's soups are as good as soups can be. Some cooks may know how to make soups as good. None can make them better—none so cheaply. Six plates of delicious soup for 10 cents—and think of the bother saved!

Oxtail, Mullagatawny, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

At your grocers, in cans ready for instant serving—just heat them.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY
Chicago

Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

GREEN RAPE COSTS 25 CENTS PER TON!

Greatest, Cheapest Food on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, etc.

Will be worth $100 to you to read what Salzer's catalog says about rape.

Billion Dollar Grass

will positively make you rich, 12 tons of hay and lots of pasture in one season; so also Brome, Peanut, Spelta (400 bu. corn, 800 bu. cane per a.), Teosinte, etc.

For this Notice and 10c. we mail big catalog and 10 Farm Seed Novelties, fully worth $10 to get a start.

For 14c, 14 splendid vegetable and 5 brilliant flower seed packages and catalog.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

MAKE no mistake! See that my head is on every package of **LION COFFEE** you buy. It guarantees its purity. No coffee is **LION COFFEE** unless it is in a 1 pound sealed packet with the head of a lion on the front. Then you get pure coffee—the highest grade for the money.

Watch our next advertisement.

Why has **LION COFFEE** now become the leader of all package coffees? And why is it used in millions of homes?

Because it does not sail under false colors. It is an absolutely clean, pure coffee. No glazing, no coating with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

WHEN WRINKLES COME.

Departing HEALTH and BEAUTY Called Back by

Dr. Greene's Nervura

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes Health and Happiness

YOUR mirror will tell you the bitter truth.

Healthy women look younger than their age, but you look far too old for your years.

Time deals lightly with the woman in good health, but the wasting hand of sickness and disease spares neither your youthful looks, beauty, nor complexion.

The Creator has endowed every woman with beauty, and every woman in good health is beautiful and comely to look upon. A clear, fresh, wholesome look is the result of the possession of good health, and no woman can be beautiful and attractive without good health. The dull, dead, gnawing pain, the sense of nervousness, weakness, oppression, and discouragement, the tired, listless, languid feeling, the shooting pains, the aching head, the pain in the back, all these are symptoms of a disordered system, and all these are beauty-killers, producers of dull leaden complexions, unnatural flushings, dark circles under the eyes, humors, eruptions, blackheads, lustreless eyes, and other disfigurements which divest women of their natural gift of beauty.

Why be homely when you can be beautiful and attractive?

Get good health and with it those looks and attributes which attract, please, and fascinate. It is within your power to do so, for it is within every woman's power to be well and strong, and hence look her best, if she will use Dr. Greene's Nervura to give her strong, vigorous nerves, pure, rich blood, a clear complexion, and thus restore the energies and vitality of sound and perfect health.

Good health means youthful good looks to every woman, and it behooves women to restore and maintain their health by taking that greatest and best of all health restoratives, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build up the health, cleanse and purify the complexion, restore brilliancy to the eye, make rich, red blood and strong, steady, and vigorous nerves. Dr. Greene's Nervura will make you look and feel young and restore your energies, vivacity, and enjoyment of life.

MRS. KATE AUSTIN, 40 Jenny Lind Ave., Somerville, Mass., says:

"I had a pain in my side for seventeen years. I also suffered with terrible backache and headache; such an awful headache, and I had not a bit of appetite. I cried with pain from womb trouble, and was as pale as a ghost. I was terribly nervous. I could not sleep for a long time, and had rheumatism in my shoulder and arm. I suffered everything; nobody but God knows how I suffered. I weighed 138 pounds. A friend recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I commenced to take it. I was so weak and run down that the first bottle did not do me much good, but I kept on, and the second bottle did me good and I began to gain. After taking the Nervura I never had a pain in my side, nor any headache, and I sleep well and have a good appetite. I don't believe there is any medicine in the world so good as Dr. Greene's Nervura. It did me good right off and I have had no return of my womb trouble. I had leucorrhœa, but since taking Nervura that has disappeared. I feel strong, and last summer was able to do the work for fourteen in a family, and I weigh 163 pounds. I was so weak before, nobody knows how I worked, but I had to work for my children. I sent two bottles of Nervura to my brother in Nova Scotia, and it did him lots of good. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura to every one."

Ill Health Destroys Beauty and Happiness. DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes You Well and Restores Your Good Looks.

Women have absolute confidence in Dr. Greene's Nervura, more so than in any other remedy, because it is purely vegetable and a famous regular physician prepares it, which is a guarantee that it is perfectly adapted to cure. As an additional assurance of cure, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, gives you the privilege of consulting him without charge or cost, either by calling or writing about your case.